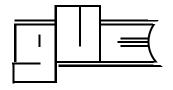
Natujwa Umbertina Mvungi

Challenges in the Implementation of the East African Community Common Market Protocol



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Preface

Almost every region today is divided into some sort of economic cooperation in the world, especially in the African continent. Countries ally together so as to have better trade opportunities for their economies.

The East African Community has a long history which can be traced back during and after the colonial period in East Africa. However despite its collapse in 1977 the founder member states of the East Africa Community have so far done a remarkable effort in re-establishing the EAC.

This study looks at the challenges that had been there and which arise today in establishing the East African Common Market. This work does not intend to diminish the achievements of the East African Community but it calls upon to critically look at the way the East African Common Market wants to move forward and encourages it to clearly analyze the problems facing it and work on them so as not built a "Castle in the Air".

The Thesis makes a comparative analysis with the E(E)C since there are some similarities and due to the fact that the E(E)C now the EU is the most developed regional integration. A deeper analysis up to the EU cannot be made since the EAC has now moved only to the stage of the EEC in the 1950's of Europe which again on the other hand cannot completely be compared since at that time Europe was far more developed than East Africa is today.

The study looks just at some aspects and it is not exhaustive in all questions. The author intends to raise some questions to stimulate further discussions which may help to mould the development of the East African common Market.

This work would not have come to existence if it were not for the support of so many people and institutions behind me.

First and foremost I would like to thank God for His Graces and Mercies that he has shown me and continues to show me throughout the course and journey of my life. My special thanks go to KAAD (Katholischer Akademischer Ausländer-Dienst) for financing both my Magister Legum at the University of Hamburg and Dr. iur. program at the Technische Universität Chemnitz in Germany from October 2006 to November 2010.

Further I would like to thank my supervisor Professor Dr. Ludwig Gramlich, a long established scholar in WTO law. He has been very supportive from the

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Special thanks go to my wonderful family here in Germany without which my life would have been unbearable; Bera, Heidi, Pablo and Thekla. I thank you all from my heart for your love and care. My thanks also go to my family in Tanzania. Thank you for all your prayers, love and support. My thanks go also to Hussein Kita at the University of Dar es Salaam who generously let me use his office during my research, to Baraka Sadik and Pui Thang, thank you for being there,to Bartholomew Kuria for his spiritual and moral support. Further my thanks go to Asumani Guloba and Madina Guloba who assisted me in Uganda during my research. My thanks go also to Yoseph Mugire in Kenya who was a great support during my research

I thank also the officers and employees of the many libraries that I visited during my research, especially the library of the Max Planck Institute in Hamburg and Heidelberg, the Library at the Faculty of Law at the University of Hamburg, the library at the Secretariat at the East African Community, the East African Unit at the University of Dar es salaam here I would like to extend my thanks to Denis Makubi and Geofrey Bugingo, the workers of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Kenya, Research centre at Makerere, Uganda and the Ministry of East Africa in Tanzania. I extend my thanks to all individuals who helped me materially and morally during my postgraduate program but have not been mentioned specifically in this preface.

Last but not least my thanks go to my loving father Sengondo Mvungi who inspired me to enter this noble profession.

Outline

Preface	
Table of Content	II
Abbreviations	X
Bibliography	XII
Table of Cases	XX
Table of Legal Instruments	XX